TICK-BORNE DISEASE ON ISLESBORO IN 2015

Below is a summary of Islesboro's tick-borne disease statistics in the past year, with comparative figures for 2013 and 2014. The number of confirmed cases of Lyme disease in 2015 was 75% higher than the number in 2014.

TOTAL PATIENTS WHO CAME TO THE HEALTH CENTER AFTER A TICK BITE

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
March April May June July August September October November December Total	0 2 26 30 37 23 4 11 8 142	1 8 27 13 43 23 6 14 7 2 144	0 5 15 37 59 40 10 24 13 <u>0</u> 203
DIAGNOSIS AND TREATMENT			
Observation, no treatment.	21	58	50
Tick bite, attached for 24 hours or more. Suspicion of infection. One-time dose doxycycline.	61	62	67
Strong suspicion of Lyme disease based on clinical analysis: tick bite, attached for 24 hours or more. Fever, aching joints, fatigue. 3-week course of antibiotic. Confirmed cases of Lyme disease reportable to the State CDC: tick bite attached for 24 hours or more,	16	19	27
"bull's-eye" rash or positive results from blood test. 3-week course of antibiotic.	42	24	53
Confirmed cases of anaplasmosis (in addition to Lyme), reportable to the State. Appropriate antibiotics.	2	1	0

Potential for secondary illness that can involve chronic symptoms.	6	3	0
DEMOGRAPHIC BREAKDOWN			
Females	66	69	92
Males	76	75	111
Ages (not all patients are included for 201	3)		
0-9	11	9	8
10-19	3	5	5
20-29	19	15	10
30-39	6	12	4
40-49	9	14	12
50-59	18	29	27
60-69	36	33	23
70-79	33	23	10
80+	7	3	4
Islesboro residents	83	88	113
Seasonal residents or other	59	56	90
LOCATION WHEN BITTEN			
Islesboro	126	135	188
Acre Island	1	1	5
Spruce/Warren	1	0	0
Mainland or out of state	14	8	10
MEDICAL COSTS IHC visits: Medications:	\$8,137 2,686 \$10,823	\$7,735 1,877 \$9,612	

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